

$$\sin^5 x + \cos^5 x = 1$$

$$a^3+b^3=(a+b)(a^2-ab+b^2)$$

$$a^5 + b^5$$

$$f(a)=a^5+b^5$$

$$a^5=-b^5$$

$$a=-b$$

$$f(-b) = 0$$

по Т Безу  $f(a)/ ( a - (-b))$  остаток будет равен нулю

$$a^5 - x(a+b) = [a^5 \text{ сократится}] x=a^4$$

$$- a^4b - x(a+b) = [- a^4b \text{ сократится}] x=-a^3b$$

$$a^5 + 0*a^4 + 0*a^3 + 0*a^2 + 0*a + b^5 | a+b$$

$$a^5 + a^4*b | a^4-a^3b+a^2b^2-ab^3+b^4$$

$$-a^4b+0*a^3$$

$$-a^4b-a^3b^2$$

$$a^3b^2+0*a^2$$

$$a^3b^2+a^2b^3$$

$$-a^2b^3+0*a$$

$$-a^2b^3-ab^4$$

$$ab^4+b^5$$

$$ab^4+b^5$$

$$a^5 + b^5=(a+b)*(a^4-a^3b+a^2b^2-ab^3+b^4) \quad (a+b)^n$$

$$a^n+b^n=(a+b)*(a^{(n-1)}-a^{(n-2)}b^1 + \dots)$$

$$t^5+0t^4+0t^3+0t^2-5t+4|t-1$$

$$t^5-t^4 \quad | t^4+t^3+t^2+t-4$$

$$t^4+0t^3$$

$$t^4-t^3$$

$$t^3+0t^2$$

$$t^3-t^2$$

$$t^2-5t$$

$$t^2-t$$

$$-4t+4$$

$$-4t+4$$

$$0$$

	1	0	0	0	-5	4
1	1	1	1	1	-4	0
1	1	2	3	4	0	0

$$\sin^5 x + \cos^5 x = 1$$

$$(\sin x + \cos x)^*(\sin^4 x - \sin^3 x \cos x + \sin^2 x \cos^2 x - \sin x \cos^3 x + \cos^4 x) = 1$$

$$(\sin x + \cos x)^*(\sin^4 x - \sin x \cos x (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x) + \sin^2 x \cos^2 x + \cos^4 x) = 1$$

$$(\sin x + \cos x)^*(\sin^4 x - \sin x \cos x + \sin^2 x \cos^2 x + \cos^4 x) = 1$$

$$\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x = \sin^4 x + 2\sin^2 x \cos^2 x + \cos^4 x - 2\sin^2 x \cos^2 x =$$

$$= (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)^2 - 2\sin^2 x \cos^2 x = 1 - 2\sin^2 x \cos^2 x$$

$$(\sin x + \cos x)^*(1 - 2\sin^2 x \cos^2 x - \sin x \cos x + \sin^2 x \cos^2 x) = 1$$

$$(\sin x + \cos x)^*(1 - \sin^2 x \cos^2 x - \sin x \cos x) = 1$$

### ИНТЕРЕСНАЯ ЗАМЕНА

если нет ничего, кроме  $\sin x + \cos x$  и  $\sin x \cos x$ , то делается замена

$$\sin x + \cos x = t$$

$$\sin^2 x + 2\sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x = t^2$$

$$1 + 2\sin x \cos x = t^2$$

$$\sin x \cos x = (t^2 - 1)/2$$

$$t^2(1 - ((t^2 - 1)/2)^2 - (t^2 - 1)/2) = 1$$

$$t^2(4 - ((t^2 - 1))^2/2 - 2(t^2 - 1)) = 4$$

$$t^2(4 - (t^4 - 2t^2 + 1) - 2t^2 + 2) = 4$$

$$4t^2 - t^4 + 2t^2 - 1 - 2t^2 + 2 = 4$$

$$4t^2 - t^4 + 2t^2 - 1 = 4$$

$$t^4 - 5t^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$a=4 \quad d(a): 1; 2; 4;$$

$$b=1 \quad d(b): 1$$

$$r=+d(a)/d(b)$$

$$r=1$$

$$\sin(x + P/4) = 1/\sqrt{2}$$

$$\sin(x + P/4) = \sqrt{2}/2$$

$$x + P/4 = P/4 + 2PK$$

$$x + P/4 = 3P/4 + 2PK$$

$$x_1 = 2PK$$

$$x_2 = P/2 + 2PK$$

$$\sqrt{2} \sin(x + P/4) = -1.65$$

$$\sin(x + P/4) = -1.65/\sqrt{2}$$

$$\sin(x + P/4) = -1.65/\sqrt{2} < -1$$

Ответ:  $2PK; P/2 + 2PK$